What is claimed is:

- 1. A composition for increasing the melanin content of mammalian melanocytes comprising:
- a) an effective amount of one or more compounds selected from the group consisting of:
  - (i) bicyclic-monoterpene diols,

  - (iii) prodrugs of (i); and
  - b) a suitable carrier.
- 2. A method for increasing the melanin content of mammalian melanocytes comprising administering to said melanocytes an effective amount of the composition of Claim 1.
- 3. A composition for treating a skin proliferative disorder or a disorder of keratinization comprising:
- a) an effective amount of one or more compounds selected from the group consisting of:
  - (i) bicyclic-monoterpene diols,

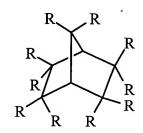
  - (iii) prodrugs of (i); and
  - b) a suitable carrier.
- 4. A method for treating a skin proliferative disorder or a disorder of keratinization in a mammal comprising administering to a mammal in need of such treatment an effective amount of the composition of Claim 3.
- 5. A composition for preventing a skin proliferative disorder or a disorder of keratinization comprising:
- a) an effective amount of one or more compounds selected from the group consisting of:

- (i) bicyclic-monoterpene diols,
- (iii) prodrugs of (i); and
- b) a suitable carrier.
- 6. A method for preventing a skin proliferative disorder or a disorder of keratinization in a mammal comprising administering to a mammal in need of such preventive treatment an effective amount of the composition of Claim 5.
- 7. A composition for altering or restoring pigmentation in mammalian skin, hair, wool or fur comprising:
- a) an effective amount of one or more compounds selected from the group consisting of:
  - (i) bicyclic-monoterpene diols,
  - (ii) pharmaceutically acceptable salts of (i),
    and
  - (iii) prodrugs of (i); and
  - b) a suitable carrier.
- 8. A method for altering or restoring pigmentation in mammalian skin, hair, wool or fur comprising administering to a mammal in need of such alteration or restoration an effective amount of the composition of Claim 7.
- 9. A composition for treating a disease mediated by perturbations of the NO/cGMP/PKG pathway comprising:
- a) an effective amount of one or more compounds selected from the group consisting of:
  - (i) bicyclic-monoterpene diols,
  - (ii) pharmaceutically acceptable salts of (i),
    and
  - (iii) prodrugs of (i); and

b) a suitable carrier;

wherein said effective amount is effective to directly stimulate NO synthesis within cells.

- 10. A method for treating a disease mediated by perturbations of the NO/cGMP/PKG pathway in a mammal comprising administering to a mammal in need of such treatment an effective amount of the composition of Claim 9.
- 11. A composition for treating a disease mediated by perturbations of the NO/cGMP/PKG pathway comprising:
- a) an effective amount of one or more compounds selected from the group consisting of:
- (i) saturated  $C_7$  to  $C_{50}$  diols having the following structure:



wherein

each R is independently selected from  $R_1$ ;  $R_2$ ; hydroxyl, methyl, hydroxymethyl, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>OH, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>OR<sub>1</sub>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-CH(OH)-CH(OH)-CH(OH)R<sub>1</sub>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-CH(OH)-CH(OH)-CH(OH)R<sub>2</sub>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-CH(OH)-CH(OH)-CH(OH)R<sub>3</sub>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-CH(OH)-CH(OH)-CH(OH)R<sub>3</sub>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-CH(OH)-CH(OH)-CH(OH)-CH(OH)R<sub>3</sub>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-CH(OH)-CH(OH)-CH(OH)-CH(OH)R<sub>3</sub>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>-CH(OH)-CH(

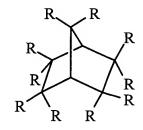
 $(CH_2)_n-CH_2(OH)$ ,  $-(CH_2)_n-CH(OH)-(CH_2)_n-CH(OH)R_1$  or  $-CH_2OR_1$ , wherein each n is independently an integer from 0-25;

each  $R_1$  is independently selected from hydrogen; halogen; an acyl or amino acyl group containing from one atom to twenty atoms, at least one of which is carbon, nitrogen, oxygen, or sulfur; or a group containing from one atom to twenty atoms, one of which is carbon, nitrogen, oxygen, or sulfur, and

 $R_2$  is a linear, branched or unbranched, cyclic, bicyclic or polycyclic group containing from one atom to fifty atoms, at least one of which is carbon, nitrogen, oxygen, or sulfur;

- (ii) unsaturated  $C_7$  to  $C_{50}$  diols having the above structure;
  - (iii) pharmaceutically acceptable salts of (i);
  - (iv) prodrugs of (i);
- (v) pharmaceutically acceptable salts of
  (ii); and
  - (vi) prodrugs of (ii); and
  - b) a suitable carrier.
- 12. The composition of claim 11, wherein the  $C_7$  to  $C_{50}$  diol is selected from the group consisting of:
  - (a) 5-norbornene-2,2-dimethanol,
  - (b) norbornane-2,2-dimethanol,
  - (c) 2,3-norbornanediol (exo or endo or cis or trans),
  - (d) 2,3-cis-exo-norbornanediol,
  - (e) 2-(propyl-1,2-diol)-norbornane,
  - (f) 2,7-norbornanediol,
  - (g) 2-hydroxy-2-norbornanemethanol,
  - (h) 1-(exo-2-norbornyl-)-propan-1,2-diol,
  - (i) 1-(endo-2-norbornyl-)-propan-1,2-diol,
  - (j) methyl-5-norbornene-2,3-dimethanol,

- (k) 2,3-cis/exo-pinanediol ([1R,2R,3S,5R]-[-]pinanediol and [1S,2S,3R,5S]-[+]-pinanediol]),
- (1) (1R) (-) -trans-pinane-1,10-diol,
- (m) 2,3-cis/exo-bornanediol,
- (n) 2,3-trans-bornanediol,
- (o) camphanediol,
- (p) camphenediol, and
- (q) 2,3-trans-pinanediol.
- 13. A method for treating a disease mediated by perturbations of the NO/cGMP/PKG pathway in a mammal comprising administering to a mammal in need of such treatment an effective amount of one or more compounds selected from the group consisting of:
- (i) saturated  $C_7$  to  $C_{50}$  diols having the following structure:



or

R
R
R
R
R
R
R
R
R
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R

wherein

each R is independently selected from  $R_1$ ;  $R_2$ ; hydroxyl, methyl, hydroxymethyl,  $-(CH_2)_nCH_3$ ,  $-(CH_2)_nOH$ ,  $-(CH_2)_nOH$ ,  $-(CH_2)_nOH$ ,  $-(CH_2)_n-CH(OH)$ ,  $-(CH_2)_n-CH(OH)$ ,  $-(CH_2)_n-CH(OH)$ ,  $-(CH_2)_n-CH(OH)$ ,  $-(CH_2)_n-CH(OH)$ ,  $-(CH_2)_n-CH(OH)$ , or  $-CH_2OR_1$ , wherein each n is independently an integer from 0-25;

each  $R_1$  is independently selected from hydrogen; halogen; an acyl or amino acyl group containing from one atom to twenty atoms, at least one of which is carbon, nitrogen, oxygen, or sulfur; or a group containing from one atom to twenty atoms, one of which is carbon, nitrogen, oxygen, or sulfur, and

 $R_2$  is a linear, branched or unbranched, cyclic, bicyclic or polycyclic group containing from one atom to fifty atoms, at least one of which is carbon, nitrogen, oxygen, or sulfur; or

- (ii) unsaturated  $C_7$  to  $C_{50}$  diols having the above structure;
  - (iii) pharmaceutically acceptable salts of (i);
  - (iv) prodrugs of (i);
- (v) pharmaceutically acceptable salts of
  (ii); and
  - (vi) prodrugs of (ii).
- 14. The method of Claim 13 wherein the  $C_7$  to  $C_{50}$  diol is selected from the group consisting of:
  - (a) 5-norbornene-2,2-dimethanol,
  - (b) norbornane-2,2-dimethanol,
  - (c) 2,3-norbornanediol (exo or endo or cis or trans),
  - (d) 2,3-cis-exo-norbornanediol,
  - (e) 2-(propyl-1,2-diol)-norbornane,
  - (f) 2,7-norbornanediol,
  - (g) 2-hydroxy-2-norbornanemethanol,

- (h) 1-(exo-2-norbornyl-)-propan-1,2-diol,
- (i) 1-(endo-2-norbornyl-)-propan-1,2-diol,
- (j) methyl-5-norbornene-2,3-dimethanol,
- (k) 2,3-cis/exo-pinanediol ([1R,2R,3S,5R]-[-]pinanediol and [1S,2S,3R,5S]-[+]-pinanediol]),
- (1) (1R)-(-)-trans-pinane-1,10-diol,
- (m) 2,3-cis/exo-bornanediol,
- (n) 2,3-trans-bornanediol,
- (o) camphanediol,
- (p) camphenediol, and
- (q) 2,3-trans-pinanediol.